

VEDANT PUBLIC SCHOOL

ISANPUR, AHMEDABAD - 382443.

Seat No. :
લેટક નંબર :

(1)

EXAM:
પરીક્ષા:

S.A. 2

DATE:
તારીખ:

Revision

STD. / CLASS:
ધોરણ / વર્ગ:

4th

SUBJECT:
વિષય:

S.S.

MAIN
મુખ્ય પુરવણી

1 +

Supplements
પુસ્ક પુરવણી

= TOTAL
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Supervisor's Sign.
નિરીક્ષકની સહી

Examiner's Sign.
પરીક્ષકની સહી

Ques. No.	Total Marks	Marks Obtain
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2		
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TOTAL		

Write From Here / અહીંથી લખવું.

Revision of S.A. 2

[2018 - 19]

class → 4th

Sub. → S.S.

Q. 1) MCQs.

i) How many languages have been recognized by our Constitution?

- a) 20 b) 22 c) 25

2.) Meenakshi Temple is located in _____.

- a) Madurai b) Chennai
c) Kolkata

3.) Who among these founded Jainism?

- a) Mahavira b) Buddha c) Rama

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①

4.) Who is called the father of plastic surgery ?

- a.) J.C. Bose
- b.) Sushruta
- c.) Aryabhatta

5.) In which year did India become a Republic ?

- a.) 1947
- b.) 1950
- c.) 1957

6.) We must _____ our environment.

- a.) protect
- b.) destroy
- c.) none of these

7.) The members of the Lok Sabha are elected for a period of _____ years.

- a.) four
- b.) five
- c.) Six

8.) The Supreme Court of India is located in _____.

- a.) New Delhi
- b.) Kolkata
- c.) Chennai

9.) We can send SMS through a _____.

- a.) mobile phone
- b.) television
- c.) radio

10.) In which year was the speed post system started in India ?

- a.) 1985
- b.) 1986
- c.) 1990

(3)

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- 11) The Sher Shah Suri Marg connects to Peshawar.
- a) Kolkata b) Delhi
 c) Chennai
- 12) The first railway line in India was built in _____.
- a) 1852 b) 1923 c) 1853
- 13) _____ is the biggest and the busiest port of India.
- a) Chennai b) Kolkata c) Mumbai
- 14) Silver Revolution is associated with _____.
- a) Sheep b) fish c) milk
- 15) Which of the following animals is used for ploughing the field?
- a) Ox b) Elephant c) Donkey
- 16) Our Country is the second most populous country after _____.
- a) Russia b) Australia
 c) China
- 17) Which of the following is not a Kharif crop?
- a) Rice b) Millet c) Wheat

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NAME
SECTION
ROLL NO.

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18) Which of the following cities is famous for iron and steel industry?

- a) Jamshedpur b) Delhi
c) Patna

19) How many lions are standing back to back in our national emblem?

- a) Two b) Three c) Four

20) How many fundamental rights do we have?

- a) five b) six c) seven

21) Who founded the Poona Seva Sadan?

- a) Rambabai Ramade b) King Ashoka
c) Akbar

22) Which is the holy book of the Muslims?

- a) Zend Avesta b) Quran
c) Vedas

23) Which is the most important festival of the Parsees?

- a) Diwali b) Christmas c) Navroz

24) High quality copper is obtained in

- a) Rajasthan b) Jharkhand
c) Assam

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Very
difficult
topic

25) Which one of these is a non-metallic mineral?

- a) Iron b) Copper c) Coal

26) Where is Crude oil refined?

- a) Petroleum refineries b) Steel plant
c) factories

27) Jana-Gana-Mana is our National _____.

- a) Song b) Anthem c) Poem

28) Which is our National River?

- a) Ganga b) Neel c) Amazon

29) _____ is called the Queen of beverages.

- a) Tea b) Coffee c) Water

30) _____ was once called the Manchester of India.

- a) Patna b) Bikaner c) Ahmedabad

31) Which is the second biggest industry in the country?

- a) Sugar Industry b) Textile Industry
c) Fertilizer Industry

32) National Literacy Mission started in _____.

- a) 1988 b) 1992 c) 1998

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33) _____, the oldest system of medicine.

- a) allopathic
- b.) Ayurveda
- c.) homopathic

34) Akbar founded a new religion called _____.

- a.) Din-i-Illahi
- b.) Islam
- c.) None of them

35) The followers of Zoroastrianism are called _____.

- a.) Christians
- b.) Parsees
- c.) Buddhists

36) Who founded the Khalsa Panth ?

- a.) Lala Hardayal
- b.) Gautama Buddha
- c.) Guru Gobind Singh

37) Where was Jesus Christ born ?

- a.) Albania
- b.) Bethlehem
- c.) England

38) Which state does the folk dance, Bihu belong to ?

- a.) Assam
- b.) Rajasthan
- c.) Goa

39) Which of these are the rabi crops ?

- a.) Maize, Millets
- b.) Gram, Barley
- c.) None of these

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MAIN
મુખ્ય પુરવણી 1 + Supplements
યુક્ત પુરવણી = TOTAL
કુલ _____

Supervisor's Sign.
નિરીક્ષકની સહી

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Write From Here / અહીંથી લખો.

Q.1) The Constitution of India was adopted
on _____

- a) 15th August 1947 b) 26th January, 1950
c) None of them.

Q.2) Fill in the blanks.

- 1) Fish is an important source of Proteins.
2) The white colour in our National Flag stands for Peace.
3) The cultivation of fish in artificial tank is called Pisciculture.
4) Our National Bird is Peacock.
5) Truth Alone Triumphs.
6) The population of India is more than 120 crore.

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- 7) Dung is used to produce biogas in biogas plants.
- 8) The Lok Sabha is also called the Lower house.
- 9) Odissi is the most popular dance of Odisha.
- 10) Twelve members of the Rajya Sabha are nominated by the President.
- 11) The Lok Sabha at present has 545 members.

Q.3.) Write 'T' for True & 'F' for False statements.

- 1.) Tubewells need electricity or diesel to draw water. T.
- 2.) Irrigation through tanks is common in the Northern Plains. F
- 3.) Cows are kept in ideal conditions in Goshalas. T.
- 4.) The large population of India is good for economic growth. F.
- 5.) 'Live' programmes on television are possible because of Satellites. T.
- 6.) Waterways are the costliest but the fastest mode of transport. F
- 7.) Iron is found in Pure form. F
- 8.) CNG is a pollution-free fuel. T

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- 9.) Soil formation is a very slow process. [T]
 10.) In ancient times, people used pigeons to send messages. [T]

Q.4) Match the following columns.

1.) Guru Nanak Dev	Bengaluru	[4]
2.) Sun Temple	Poona Seva Sadam	[12]
3.) Kailash Temple	Bokaro	[5]
4.) Software	Konark	[2]
5.) Textile Industry	Sikhism	[1]
6.) Dudhwa	Uttarakhand	[7]
7.) Corbett	Tamil Nadu	[9]
8.) Desert soil	Ellora	[3]
9.) Red Soil	Uttar Pradesh	[6]
10.) Aryabhatta	Rajasthan	[8]
11.) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan	Satellite	[10]
12.) Rambabu Ramade	Aligarh Muslim University	[11]

Q.5.) Tick (✓) the correct words given in the brackets.

- 1.) Forests help in causing (Rain / drought).
 ✓
 2.) The President of India is elected for a period of (Five / Ten) years.
 ✓

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3) Krishnadeva Raya was a great king of (Vijayanagar / Kashmir).

4) (Tripitaka / Bible) is the holy book of the Buddhists.

5) The Meenakshi Temple at Madurai has a huge hall with one (thousand / hundred) pillars.

6) (Ebony / Teak) is found in evergreen forests.

Q.6) Name any two of the following.

1) Means of water transport.

→ ① Ship, ② Steamer.

2) Iron.

→ ① Jharkhand, ② Odisha.

3) Coal.

→ ① Jharkhand, ② West Bengal.

4) Deciduous forests.

→ ① Teak, ② Sal.

5) Means of air transport.

→ ① Aeroplane, ② Helicopter.

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6.) Hinduism.

→ ① Ramayana, ② Gita.

7.) Music instruments.

→ ① Sitar, ② flute.

8.) Airlines in India.

→ ① AirIndia, ② Indian.

Q.7.) Answer the following Questions.

1.) What does secularism mean ?

Ans. → Secularism means equal respect to all religions.

2.) What are the courts meant for ?

Ans. → The courts are responsible for providing justice to all the citizens of India.

3.) What is Phiran ?

Ans. → Phiran is a long loose coat worn by both men and women in Kashmir.

4.) Which are the four main types of roads in India ?

Ans. → National highways, state highways, district road and village roads are the four main types of road in India.

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5.) What does National Literacy Mission aim at and why?

Ans. → The National Literacy Mission aims at educating illiterate adults to make India as a great nation.

6.) On what occasions is the National Anthem sung?

Ans. → The National Anthem is sung on national festivals and other important occasions.

7.) What is mining?

Ans. → The process through which minerals are taken out from the earth is called mining.

8.) Name the crops grown in desert soil.

Ans. → The crops grown in desert soil are wheat, gram, jowar and cotton.

9.) Why are tanks used for irrigation in rocky areas?

Ans. → Generally tanks are used for irrigation in rocky areas because wells and canals cannot be easily dug in rocky areas.

10.) How are the members of the Rajya Sabha elected?

Ans. → The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by the members of the state

(13)

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legislative Assemblies for a period of six years.

11) Why does a country need a government?

Ans. → A Country needs a government to look after the welfare of the country.

Government is needed to make laws to maintain peace and order in the country.

12) What can a person do if his/her Fundamental Rights are ignored?

Ans. → If a person thinks that his/her fundamental rights are ignored, he/she can approach a Court.

13) Who is credited with the invention of Algebra?

Ans. → Aryabhata is credited with the invention of Algebra.

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14

14.) What is the White Revolution?

Ans. → White Revolution is programme set up by our government to increase the production of milk.

15.) What is full form of CNG?

Ans. → The full form of CNG is Compressed Natural Gas.

16.) How is alluvial soil formed?

Ans. → Alluvial soil is formed of fine silt which is deposited on the sand by rivers.

17.) What are small scale industries?

Ans. → The industries set up with small machines and a few people are called small scale industries.

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Q.8) Answer the following questions in Brief.

1) Write any four fundamental Duties.

Ans. → Our four fundamental duties are:

(1) We must obey the laws of our country.

(2) We must respect the rights of other citizens.

(3) We must honour the National Flag and the National Anthem.

(4) We must protect the unity and integrity of our country.

2) Who was Kabir?

Ans. → Kabir spread the message of universal love through dohas and bhajans. He spoke against the caste system. He did not approve the ideas of Pandits and Mullahs. He worked for the unity of the Hindus and the Muslims.

3) Why should the large populations be controlled?

Ans. → The large population of our country causes poverty, unemployment, illiteracy, poor health services, lack of drinking water

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(16)

and shortage of houses. So, the large population should be controlled.

- 4.) Write the rules that should be followed while hoisting our National Flag.

Ans. → We should follow these rules while hoisting our National flag: The National flag can only be flown from sunrise to sunset. It must be lowered as soon as the sun sets.

The saffron strips must be at the top when we hoist the flag. Whenever the National flag is hoisted or lowered, we must stand at attention and salute it.

We should keep the flag carefully. In a procession, the flag must always be in the front. A torn flag should not be hoisted.

- 5.) Write briefly about Maharashtra.

Ans. → The Capital of Maharashtra is Mumbai.

The Konkan coast is known as the coastal plain of Maharashtra. This coast is famous for Alphonso mangoes. Mumbai is the biggest seaport in India.

- 6.) How can we check soil erosion?

Ans. → Here are a few steps that can be useful

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DATE : તારીખ :	SUBJECT : ફર્મા:	Roll No. : શાસ્ત્ર નંબર :
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in checking soil erosion.

- We should grow more trees as the roots of the trees hold soil particles together.
- In hilly regions, terraces should be made. The terraces do not allow the water run straight down with force and, thereby, check the soil erosion.
- Bunds, dams and reservoirs should be constructed across big rivers. They control the speed of running water and check soil erosion.